## CHAPTER II.

	1881.	1891.	Increase or Decrease.	
			Number.	Per cent.
Point Edward	1,293	1,882	589	45.6
Morrisburg	1,719	1,859	140	8.1
Gravenhurst	1,015	1,848	833	82.0
Preston	1,419	1,843	424	30.0
Oakville	1,710	1,825	115	6.2
Merritton	1,798	1,813	15	0.8
Exeter	1,725	1,809	84	4.8
Dunville	1,808	1,776	-32	-1.7
Lachute	765	1,751	986	123.7
	1,540	1,743	203	13.1
Louiseville	1,381	1,740	359	26.0
Waterloo	1,617	1,733	116	7.1
Iberville	1,847	1,719	-128	-6.9
Granby	1,040	1,710	670	64.4
Essex Centre	800	1,709	909	113.6
Blenheim	1,212	1,708	496	40.9
Port Perry	1,800	1,698	-102	-5.6
Montmagny	1,738	1,697	-41	$  -2^{\cdot}1$
Kentville, N.S	1,285	1,686	401	31.2
Parkhill	1,539	1,680	141	9.2
Harriston	1,772	1,687	-85	-4.8
Ashburnham	1,266	1,674	408	32.2
Port Elgin	1,400	1,659	259	18.5
Alexandria	1,200	1,614	414	34 5
Fergus	1,733	1,599	-134	-7.1
Windsor Mills	879	1,591	712	89.0
Beauharnois	1,499	1,590	91	6.0
Bedford	1,080	1,571	491	45.4
St. Boniface	1,283	1,553	270	21.0
Berthier	2,156	1,537	-619	-28.7
	1,460	1,520	60	4.1
Gatineau Point	1,473	1,509	36	3.4

## POPULATION OF VILLAGES IN CANADA WITH FROM 1,500 TO 3,000 INHABITANTS, 1881 AND 1891--Concluded.

Dwellings 98. The total number of dwellings in Canada in 1891 (exclusive of the in Canada, unorganized territory) was 930,684, of which 919,879 were of wood, 1891. brick or stone, 250 of sod (all in the North-West Territories) and 10,555 were shanties. Of the 919,879 houses, 854,842 were inhabited, 54,164 were empty and 10,873 were under construction.

Inhabited houses, 1891. 99. The number of houses inhabited in the several provinces in 1881 and 1891, together with the average number of persons under each roof, are given below :---